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Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 5798 H

Unique Paper Code : 237152

Name of the Paper : Calculus – I

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Statistics

Semester : I

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt **Five** Questions in all.
3. Select **Three** Questions from **Section-I** & **Two** Questions from **Section-II**.

SECTION – I

1. (a) Find the n th derivative of $y = \sin^2 x \cos^3 x$.

(b) If $u = x^2 \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x} - y^2 \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{y}$, $xy \neq 0$, then

prove that $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$. (7,8)

2. (a) Find the asymptotes of the curve

$$x^2 y^2 (x^2 + y^2)^2 = (x^2 + y^2)^2.$$

- (b) Find the points of inflexion on the curve

$$x = a(2\theta - \sin\theta), \quad y = a(2 - \cos\theta).$$

- (c) If $x = 2\cos t - \cos 2t$ and $y = 2\sin t - \sin 2t$, then

find the value of $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$, when $t = \pi/2$. (5,5,5)

3. (a) If A and B are fixed points with co-ordinates (0,a) and (0,b) and P is a variable point (x,0) referred to rectangular axes then prove that $x^2 = a b$ when the angle APB is maximum.

- (b) Trace the curve :

$$y^2 x^2 = x^2 - a^2. \quad (5,10)$$

4. (a) Find the maximum or minimum values of x for the following equation :

$$2x^3 - 21x^2 + 36x = 20.$$

- (b) If, $u = \log_e \sqrt{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)}$, then show that

$$(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} \right) = 1.$$

- (c) Find the position and nature of the double points on the following curve :

$$ay^2 = (x - a)^2(x - b)^2. \quad (5,5,5)$$

SECTION - II

5. (a) Solve the initial value problem :

$$(2x \cos y + 3x^2y) dx + (x^3 - x^2 \sin y - y) dy = 0,$$

when, $y(0) = 2$.

- (b) Solve :

$$y^2 p^3 + 2xp = y, \quad p = \frac{dy}{dx}.$$

- (c) Solve the following equation :

$$p^2 + 2py \cot x = y^2. \quad (5,5,5)$$

6. (a) Solve the following equation :

$$x(y^2 - x^2 + a^2x) dx + y(y^2 + x^2 - b^2y) dy = 0.$$

(b) Solve the following equations :

$$(i) \quad x^2(x^2 - 1) \frac{dy}{dx} + x(x^2 + 1)y = (x^2 - 1),$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x - 2y + 5}{2x + y - 1},$$

$$(iii) \quad x^2(x^2 - 1) \frac{dy}{dx} + x(x^2 + 1)y = (x^2 - 1). \quad (6,9)$$

7. Solve the following differential equations :

$$(i) \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2y = e^{2x} \cos 2x$$

$$(ii) \quad (D^3 + 3D^2 + 2D)y = x^2$$

$$(iii) \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5 \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = \sin 3x \quad (5,5,5)$$